Data Sheet ____

Revised: 10/29/03 Laboratory:	Inspector(s):	Date:	
LOADBEAR	ING CONCRETE MASONRY ASTM C 90-03	Y UNITS	SF
 Materials: Cementitious Materials – Shall conforded. Portland cement – Specification C Modified Portland cement conformed. Limestone – Calcium carbonate, worequirements of C150 as modified (1) Limitation on insoluble residue – 1. Limitation on air content of mortarical content. Limitation on loss on ignition – 7 % Blended hydraulic cements – Specification – Specification – Specification – Specification C 618 – Specificat	ing to Specification C 150, mm/ min 85 % CaCO3 content of are met: 5 % Volume %, 22 % max cification C 595 Specification C 1157 fication C 989 ecification C 33 gents, coloring pigments, inte	nodified as follows: can be added provide requirements not no	ecessarily apply:
 5. Physical Requirements: 5.1. On delivery, units conform to Tables of 5.2. On delivery, linear shrinkage of units: 5.3. Hollow units: 5.3.1. Face shell thickness & web thickness. 5.4. Solid units: 5.4.1. Net cross-sectional area of solid unarea in same plane 5.5. End flanges: 5.5.1. The thickness of ea. flange not < more reason. 	shall not exceed 0.065 %ess conform to Table 1 nits parallel to bearing surfac	ce, not < 75 % of gr	oss cross-sectional
 Permissible Variations in Dimensions: Standard units – Width, height, & leng Particular feature units in accordance Molded face units width, height, & Dimensions of molded features w/i molded feature Split-faced units, all non-split over Slump units, no overall ht dim diffe 	w/ following: length not differ $> \pm$ 1/8-in. from the first 1/16-in. of spec. std diminal and the first state of the following states as \pm 1/8-in. from the following states are states as \pm 1/8-in. from the following states are states as \pm 1/8-in. from the following states are states as \pm 1/8-in.	om spec. dim & w/in \pm 1/16-in. of rom spec. std dim _	
 7. Finish and Appearance: 7.1. All units shall be sound & free of craction 7.2. No chips or cracks on units when use 7.3. Color & texture spec. by purchaser 7.4. Shipment not to contain > 5 % broker 	ed in exposed wall	iere w/ placement _	
 8. Sampling and Testing: 8.1. Purchaser or authorized representative 8.2. Sample & test units in accordance w/ 8.3. Total linear drying shrinkage based or manufacturing process, & curing method 	C 140 n units made w/ same mater	ials, concrete mix d	
9. Compliance			

MASONRY CEMENT ASTM C 91-03

4. Classification:
4.1. Type N – Spec. C 270 w/o addition of cements or hydrated lime; Type S or M if cement added
4.2. Type S – Spec. C 270 w/o addition of cements or hydrated lime
4.3. Type M – Spec. C 270 w/o addition of cements or hydrated lime
5.1. Masonry cement conform to Table 1
6.1. Masonry cement sampled in accordance w/ C 183
7.1. Temp & humidity in work area conform to C 109
7.2. Moist cabinet or moist room conform to C 511
8.1. Determine residue on No. 325 sieve in accordance w/ C 430
9.1. Determine normal consistency by Vicat apparatus in accordance w/ C 187
10.1. Determine autoclave expansion in accordance w/ C 151
After molding, store bars in moist cabinet or room 48 hr \pm 30 min., calculate diff. In length before &
after autoclaving to 0.01 % of gage length & report as autoclave expansion of masonry cement
11.1. Determine time of setting by Gillmore needle method in accordance w/ C 266
12.1. Determine density of masonry cement in accordance w/ C 188, using kerosene & use in calculation of air content of mortars
13.1. Balances, sieves, glass graduates, cube molds, tamper, trowel, & testing machine in accordance w/ C
109
13.2. Flow table conforming to C 230
13.3. Mixing apparatus conforming to C 305
13.4. Measure, straightedge, tamper, tapping stick, & spoon conforming to C 185
13.5. Specimen cube molds – Molds prepared in accordance to C 109
14.1. Sand, blend of = parts by wt. Of graded std sand & std 20 - 30 sand conforming to C 778
15.1. Mortar for air entrainment, compr. strgth., & H ₂ O retention – 1620 g sand & cement mass to Table 2
16.1. Determine mass of 400 ml of mortar in accordance w/ C 185
16.2. Calculate air content of mortar according to formula
17.1.1. Return mortar to mixing bowl, remix 15 sec @ med speed, mold to C 109
17.1.2. Store on plane plates in moist environ. 48 to 52 hr, remove from molds, store in moist environ. 5
days, at 7 days, immerse cubes for 28-day tests in lime water in tanks
17.2.1. Test cubes immediately after removal from moist room or tank & keep moist until test
17.2.2. Remainder of test procedure conform to C 109
18.1. Water-retention shall be determined in accordance w/ C 1506
19.1. Store such that easy access to inspection & ID & in weather tight building
20.1. Every facility provided to purchaser for inspection & sampling
20.2. Packages in good condition @ time of inspection
21.1. Purchaser may reject cement if fails to meet any requirements
21.2. Purchaser may reject If pckgs. > 2 % below marked mass & whole shipment may be rejected if avg.
mass of pckgs. Shown by weighing 50 pckgs. is < that marked on the pckgs
21.3. Purchaser may req. retesting on cement stored > 6 mo. & reject if fails to meet any req. of the spec.
22.1. Purchaser may request mfrs. Certification
23.1. Brand, name of mfr, type of cement, & net mass in kg shall be marked
Data Sheet

Data Sheet ____

S___F___

COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF HYDRAULIC CEMENT MORTARS USING 2-IN. OR [50-MM] CUBE SPECIMENS ASTM C 109-02

	/eight & weighing devices conform to C 1005
	lass graduates of suitable capacities
	pecimen molds – 2-in. cube molds; interior faces plane & conform to tolerances in Table 1
	lixer, bowl, & paddle – electrically driven mechanical mixer conform to C 305
	low table & flow mold conform to C 230
	amper – nonabrasive, nonbrittle rubber mat'l w/ Shore A rdg of 80 \pm 10 or seasoned oak, ½ X 1 X 5 or
	in
	rowel – steel blade 4 – 6 in. long
	loist cabinet or room conform to C 511
	esting machine w/ accuracy of \pm 1.0 % of indicated load $__$
	dial indicator, dial readable to at least 0.1 % of full scale & readable to w/in 1 % of indicated load
5.9.1.	<u> </u>
5.9.2.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	and shall be natural silica sand conform to C 778
7.1. T	emp of air in vicinity, mixing water, moist cabinet or room, and tanks 73.5 ± 5.5 °F (23.0 ± 3.0 °C)
	Humidity of lab not < 50 % & moist cabinet or room conform to C 511
8.1. M	lake 3 specs for ea period of test or test age
	ubricate mold
	eal the surfaces where the halves of mold join
	lake a watertight seal
10.1.1	Mix 1 part cement to 2.75 parts graded sand by wt; use water-cement ratio of 1.485 for Portland
	cements & 0.460 for air-entraining cements
	Quantities for 6 & 9 spec using proper proportions
	Mechanically mix in accordance w/ C 305
	Determine flow in accordance w/ C 1437
	Portland & air-entraining cements record flow
	Cements other than 10.3.2, make trial mortars w/ various % of H ₂ O until correct flow obtained
	Return to mixing bowl, remix 15 sec
10.4.2.	If dup batch skip flow, stand 90 sec, scrape sides last 15 sec, remix 15 sec @ med speed
10.4.3.	Mold not > 2 ½ min after mix, place mortar 1-in in cube, tamp 32 times ~ 10 sec in 4 rounds, tamp 2 nd
40.5	layer same s 1 st layer and trim
10.5.	Place spec in molds on base plates in moist cabinet or room 20 – 72 hr, if removed from molds before 24 hr, keep in moist environ until 24 hr, immerse except those for 24 hr test in saturated lime water
	24 III, Reep III IIIoist environ until 24 III, illillierse except those for 24 III test in saturated lillie water
10 6 1	Test soon as practicable from moist storage & test according to time table
	Surface-dry specs. & remove loose particles
10.0.2.	If more than 1 spec removed, keep moist until test
1063	Load faces that were in contact w/ true plane surfaces of mold
	Load rate of 200 – 400lb/s (900 – 1800 N/s)
11.1. (Calculate compressive strength in psi or MPa
	Maximum load / area of loaded surface, in ² or mm ²
	Report flow to 1 % & water used to 0.1 %, avg compr strength to nearest 10 psi
	Do not use specimens that are manifestly faulty
	Max permissible range between specs from same batch of mortar @ same test age 8.7 % of the avg
	when 3 cubes represent a test age & 7.6 % when 2 cubes represent a test age (Note 9)
	f range of 3 specs exceeds max in 13.2, discard result differing most from avg & chk other 2 spec
	Make retest of the spl if < 2 specs remain after discarding faulty specs or tests that fail to comply w/
	max permissible range of 2 specs

SAMPLING AND TESTING CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS AND RELATED UNITS ASTM C 140-02

5. Measurement of Dimensions:5.1. Apparatus:
5.1.1. Measure overall dim. w/ steel scale w/ not > 0.1-in (2.5-mm) divisions Face shell & web thickness w caliper w/ not > 0.01-in (0.25-mm) divisions & jaws not < 0.5-in (12.7-mm) or > 1-in (25.4-mm) in length
5.2. Specs – 3 full-size units measured for width, ht, & length, & max thickness of face shells & webs 5.3. Measurements:
5.3.1. Width (W) @ mid-length, ht (H) @ mid-length, & length (L) @ mid-ht 5.3.2. Get face shell thickness (t _{fs}) & web thickness (t _w) at thinnest pt & avg msrmts
6. Compressive Strength:
6.1. Testing machine w/ accuracy of ± 1.0 % of indicated load Spherical seated upper block
6.1.1. Single bearing plate (1/4-in > length & width of units) if upper or lower platen not large enough 6.1.2. Platen & plate plane to 0.001-in. (0.025-mm)
6.2. Test Specimens:
6.2.1. 3 of 6 units tested, store in air @ $75 \pm 15^{\circ}$ F ($24 \pm 8^{\circ}$ C) @ not < 80 % humidity not < 48 hr Specimens full sized units, except as modified in 6.2.2 – 6.2.5
6.2.6. Segmental retaining wall units shall be a coupon, have ht to thickness ratio of 2 to 1 before capping length to thickness ratio of 4 to 1; Saw-cutting, if necessary in accordance w/ 6.2.6.1 & 6.2.7
6.2.8 Specs that net area can't be obtained by 9.4.1, saw-cut 3 more units to proper dimensions6.3. Capping Test Specimens:
6.3.1. Cap bearing surfaces by 6.3.2 or 6.3.3
6.3.2. Sulfur & granular materials – cure minimum 2 hr before use
6.3.3. Gypsum cement capping - cure minimum 2 hr before use
6.4. Procedure:6.4.1. Align w/ center of upper bearing block
6.4.2. At time of test specs free of visible moisture
6.4.3. Load up to ½ expected max load @ any rate, then adjust rate to apply remaining load 1 – 2 min
7. Flexural Load on Concrete Roof Pavers:
7.1. Three full-size units shall be tested
7.2. Cap units w/ recesses or irregular surfaces
7.3. Testing arrangement as in Fig 2; uniform rate of loading to get total load in 1 – 3 min
8. Absorption:
8.1. Apparatus – balance sensitive to w/in 0.5 % of wt of smallest spec
8.2. Test Specimens – 3 full-size units properly prepared & recorded 8.3. Procedure:
8.3.1. Soak in H ₂ O @ 60 – 80°F (15.6 – 26.7°C) for 24 hr, remove & drain 1 min
8.3.2. Dry in oven @ 212 - 239°F (100-115°C) not < 24 hr until 2 weighings change not > 0.2 %
9. Calculation:
9.1. Absorption
9.2. Moisture content
9.3. Density 9.4. Average net area
9.5. Gross area
9.6. Compressive strength
9.7. Equivalent web thickness
9.8. Equivalent thickness
9.9. Ballast weight
10. Report
Data Sheet

AUTOCLAVE EXPANSION OF PORTLAND CEMENT ASTM C 151-00

 4. Apparatus: 4.1. Weighing devices & weights in accordance w/ C 1005 4.2. Glass graduates (200 or 250-ml) conforming to C 490 4.3. Molds, 1 X 1-in (25.4 X 25.4-mm) cross-section conforming to C 490 4.4. Flat trowel, straight-edged, 4 - 6-in (100 - 150-mm) long 4.5. Autoclave, consisting of a high-pressure steam vessel w/ therm well Automatic pressure control & rupture disk w/ bursting pressure of 350 psi (2.4 Mpa) ± 5 % 4.5.1. Rupture disk - made of mat'l w/ tensile strength rel insensitive to temp 68 - 420°F (20 - 216°C) & electrochemically compatible w/ pipe leading to it & its holder 4.6. Length comparator conforming to C 490
 5. Temperature & Humidity: 5.1. Maintain temp of molding room, dry mat'ls & mixing H₂O, & rel humidity of room to limits of C 490 5.2. Moist storage facilities – maintain temp & humidity of moist storage in accordance w/ C 511
7. Number of Test Specimens:7.1. Make at least one test spec
8. Preparation of Specimen Molds:8.1. Prepare molds in accordance w/ C 490
 Preparation of Test Specimens: Mixing cement paste – make std batch of 650 g of cement & H₂O to get normal consistency in accordance w/ C 187 & mix in accordance w/ C 305 Molding specs – immediately after 9.1, mold spec in 2 layers, compacted w/ thumb or forefingers, trim flush w/ top of mold Store specs in moist closet or room 20 hr, if removed before 24 hr, keep in moist closet or room
 10.1. 24 ± 30 min, remove from moist environment, place in autoclave @ room temp Autoclave w/ enough H₂O, @ temp of 68 - 82°F (20 - 28°C) to maintain saturated steam vapor for entire test 10.2. Early, leave vent valve open until steam begins to escape, close valve & raise temp to bring gage pressure to 295 psi (2 Mpa) in 45 - 75 min, maintain 295 ± 10 psi (2 ± 0.07 Mpa) for 3 hr, cool such that pressure is < 10 psi in 1 ½-hr, vent, place spec in H₂O @ temp > 194°F (90°C), cool H₂O around bars so that temp of H₂O is lowered to 74°F in 15 min, remove 1 spec & obtain length comp rdg
 11. Calculation: 11.1. Calculate change in length by subtracting length comp rdg before autoclaving from rdg after, report as % of effective gage length to 0.01 % Report % of increase in length as autoclave expansion Indicate a decrease in length by a minus sign prefixed to the % value
Data Sheet

AIR CONTENT OF HYDRAULIC CEMENT MORTAR ASTM C 185-02

5. Apparatus:
5.1. Flow table, mold, & caliper conforming to C 230
5.2. Measure – cylindrical, inside dia 76 \pm 2 mm & depth (~ 88 mm), adjusted by standardization w/ H_2O
to contain 400 ± 1 ml @ 23.0 ± 2.0 °C
5.3. Mixer, bowl, & paddle conforming to C 305 5.4. Steel straightedge not < 200 mm long & not < 1.5 mm or < 3.5 mm thick
5.5. Weights & weighing devices conforming to C 1005
5.6. Glass graduates – 250-ml conforming to E 438, & E 694
5.7. Tamper conforming to C 109
5.8. Tapping stick – hard wood, ~ 16 mm dia & ~ 152 mm long
5.9. Spoon – not < 230 mm long & w/ bowl ~ 100 mm long
6. Temperature & Humidity:
6.1. Maintain temp of room & dry mat'ls @ $23.0 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C 6.2. Condition mixing H ₂ O & measure, if it is cal'd $23.0 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C
6.3. Maintain rel humidity of lab @ not < 50 % $__$
0.5. Waintain for hamary of lab & not < 50 %
7. Standard Sand:
7.1. Sand conforming to C778 for 20 – 30 sand
8. Sampling:
8.1. Spl cement in accordance w/ C 183
——————————————————————————————————————
9. Procedure:
9.1. Batch 350 g mortar to 1400 g 20 – 30 sand w/ H_2O for flow of 87.5 \pm 7.5 % in accordance w/ 9.3
9.2. Mix mortar in accordance w/ C 305
9.3. Place layer of mortar ~ 25 mm thick & tamp 20 X, overfill mold & tamp same as 1 st layer, trim flush w/ top of mold, lift mold after 1-min & drop table 10 X
9.4. When H_2O has flow of 87.5 \pm 7.5 %, get mass of 400 ml of mortar, place in 400-ml measure in 3
layers tamp 20 X, complete w/in 1.5 min, get mass of measure & contents & get mass of mortar
10. Calculations
11. Report:
11.1. When used for specific action in compliance testing, report air content to 1 %
Data Observ
Data Sheet

NORMAL CONSISTENCY OF HYDRAULIC CEMENT ASTM C 187-98

 4. Apparatus: 4.1. Weights & weighing devices in accordance w/ C 1005 4.2. Glass graduates (200 – 250-ml) conforming to C 490 4.3. Vicat apparatus as in Fig 1
5. Temperature & Humidity: 5.1. Temp of air in work area & equipment $20-27.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($68-81.5^{\circ}\text{F}$) Temp of mixing H ₂ O $23.0\pm2.0^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($73.5\pm3.5^{\circ}\text{F}$) 5.2. Rel Humidity of lab not < 50 %
 6. Procedure: 6.1. Mix 650 g cement w/ measure amt H₂O using Procedure for Mixing Pastes in C 305
Use trial pastes w. varying % of H₂O
 7. Calculation: 7.1. Calculate amt of H₂O req'd for normal consistency to 0.1 % & report to 0.5 % of wt of dry cement ——
Data Sheet

TIME OF SETTING OF HYDRAULIC-CEMENT PASTE BY GILLMORE NEEDLES ASTM C 266-99 $\,$

5. Apparatus: 5.1. Trowel w/ steel blade $100-150$ mm ($4-6$ in) long 5.2. Mixer, bowl, paddle, & scraper conforming to C 305 5.3. Glass graduates conforming to C 490 5.4. Mass determining devices conforming to C 1005 5.5. Plane non-absorptive plates (102 ± 3 mm (4 ± 0.125 in) square 5.6. Gillmore needles conforming to the following 5.6.1. Initial setting-time needle 113.4 ± 0.5 g (0.250 ± 0.001 lb) Tip dia 2.12 ± 0.05 mm (0.84 ± 0.002 in) 5.6.2. Final setting-time needle 453.6 ± 0.5 g (1.000 ± 0.001 lb) Tip dia 1.06 ± 0.05 mm (0.042 ± 0.002 in) 5.6.3. Needle tips cylindrical for distance of 4.8 ± 0.5 mm (0.189 ± 0.020 in) Needle ends plane & @ rt angles to axis of rod
 Reagents: Potable H₂O for routine tests Referee & cooperative tests, reagent H₂O conforming to D 1193 for Type III or IV
7. Sampling:7.1. For acceptance testing, spl cement in accordance w/ C 183
 8. Conditioning: 8.1. Temp of room & equipment 20 – 27.5°C (68 – 81.5°F) Temp of mixing H₂O 23.0 ± 2.0°C (73.5 ± 3.5°F) 8.2. Rel Humidity of lab not < 50 % 8.3. Moist cabinet or room conform to C 511
 9. Procedure: 9.1.1. Mix 650 g cement w/ H₂O for normal consistency in accordance w/ C 305 9.1.2. Time of setting & autoclave expansion spec (C 151) may be made from same batch 9.1.3. Time of setting or autoclave expansion spec (C 151) may be made from rest of batch 9.2. Make pat w/ flat top & side taper to thin edge Place in moist cabinet or room to remain except when time of setting performed 9.3. Hold needles vert & apply lightly to surface of pat Initial set achieved when pat will bear, w/o appreciable indentation, initial Gillmore needle Diff in min from time of contact of cement & H₂O & time paste gets initial set is initial setting time Diff in min from time of contact of cement & H₂O & time paste gets final set is final setting time
10. Report:10.1. Initial Time of Setting, Gillmore, min Final Time of Setting, Gillmore, min
Data Sheet

MECHANICAL MIXING OF HYDRAULIC CEMENT PASTES AND MORTARS OF PLASTIC CONSISTENCY ASTM C 305-99

 4. Apparatus: 4.1. Mixer – electrically driven mechanical of epicyclic type 4.2. Paddle – removable stainless steel as in Fig 2 4.3. Mixing bowl w/ 4.73 L capacity 4.4. Scraper – semi rigid rubber 4.5. Supplementary apparatus – balances, wts, glass graduates, & other apparatus needed
5. Temperature & Humidity: 5.1. Temp of room & equipment, $20 - 27.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ (68 - 81.5°F) Temp of mixing H ₂ O, $23 \pm 1.7^{\circ}\text{C}$ (73.4 $\pm 3^{\circ}\text{F}$) 5.2. Humidity – not < 50 %
6. Materials, Proportioning, & Consistency: 6.1. Mat's, proportions, & quantity conform to requirements in particular method for preparation
7. Procedure for Mixing Pastes: 7.1. Put dry paddle & dry mixing bowl in mixing position in mixer, add batch mat'ls 7.1.1. Place all mixing H ₂ O in bowl 7.1.2. Add cement to H ₂ O, allow 30 sec for absorption 7.1.3. Mix @ 140 ± 5 RPM for 30 sec 7.1.4. Stop for 15 sec, scrape paste off sides 7.1.5. Mix @ 285 ± 10 RPM for 1 min
8. Procedure for Mixing Mortars: 8.1. Put dry paddle & dry mixing bowl in mixing position in mixer, add batch mat'ls 8.1.1. Place all mixing H ₂ O in bowl 8.1.2. Add cement to H ₂ O & mix @ 140 ± 5 RPM for 30 sec 8.1.3. Add all sand slowly for 30 sec while mixing 8.1.4. Stop mixer, change to 285 ± 10 RPM, & mix for 30 sec 8.1.5. Stop mixer, stand for 1.5 min First 15 sec scrape mortar off sides, rest of 1.5 min cover bowl w/ lid 8.1.6. Mix @ 285 ± 10 RPM for 1 min
Data Sheet

PRECONSTRUCTION AND CONSTRUCTION EVALUATION OF MORTARS FOR PLAIN REINFORCED UNIT MASONRY ASTM C 780-02

7. Apparatus:7.1. Apparatus listed in the individual tests included in the annexes
9. Sampling: 9.1. This section deals with sampling in lab & @ jobsite: 9.2.1. Bagged mat'l be type & brand used or considered for actual construction 9.2.2. Aggregate from same source & same description as used or considered for actual construction 9.2.3. Water not need to be same as construction, except water that has properties that affect testing 9.3. Get spls from lab & construction site & mix together 9.3.1. Batch mixer spls from discharge or after discharged into receptacle 9.3.2. Take mortar for mortar boards as in 9.3.1 & place on typical mortar boards used @ job site 9.3.3. Take retempered mortar board spls from mason's mortar board after mixing & retempering 9.4. Record date, time, place, & method of sampling
 10. Test Specimens: 10.1. Measure mortar properties during preconstruction evaluation on single spec 10.2. Measure mortar properties during construction evaluation on single spec 10.3. Actual constr eval, & for batch-to-batch variations, spl 3 batches for plastic & hardened properties
11. Procedure: 11. Mechanically prepare & mix mortar for preconstr eval w/mat'ls & proportions for constr 11. Use sand damp, as-received, correct H ₂ O added as free water above SSD condition 11. Prebatch by wt, to desired volume proportions 11. Mix to the following: 11. Are cementitious mat'ls for preconstr eval as follows: (1) ~ ½ estimated H ₂ O (2) Sand (3) Cementitious mat'l (4) Balance of mixing H ₂ O 11. Mix mortar for preconstr eval @ normal speed 5 min, H ₂ O additions made during 1 st 4 min 11. Determine cone penetration for preconstr eval in accordance w/ Annex A1
12. Report: 12.1.1. Test results & all pertinent data
Annexes: A1. Consistency by Cone Penetration Test Method A2. Consistency Retention of Mortars for Unit Masonry A3. Initial Consistency & Consistency Retention or Board Life of Masonry Mortars using a Modified Concrete Penetrometer A4. Mortar Aggregate Ratio Test Method A5. Mortar Water Content Test Method A6. Mortar Air Content Test Method A7. Compressive Strength of Molded Masonry Mortar Cylinders & Cubes A8. Splitting Tensile Strength of Molded Masonry Mortar Cylinders A9. Preconstruction & Construction Evaluation of Mortars for Unit & Reinforced Masonry
Data Sheet

SAMPLING AND TESTING GROUT ASTM C 1019-03

 4. Apparatus: 4.1. Max-min thermometer 4.2. Steel straightedge not < 6-in long & not < 1/16-in thick 4.3. Tamping rod – nonabsorbent, nominally 5/8-in w/ hemispherical tip, not < 12-in long 4.4. Nonabsorbent blocks – rigid square, side dimension = ½ desired spec ht Figs 1 & 2 4.5. Panels & plates – pieces of ¾-in. plywood or equivalent, coated to make impermeable
 5. Test Specimens: 5.1. Spec sq. cross-section ≥ 3-in (76-mm) on sides, ht. 2 X width 5.2. ≥ 3 spec @ ea age
 6. Mold Construction: 6.1. Select level vibration free location for molds to remain undisturbed 48 hr 6.2. Construction of mold simulate in-situ constr 6.3. Form space w/ sq cross-section ≥ 3-in high, ht 2 X width Surface of unit in contact w/ grout shall not previously be used Space tolerance & spec dimensions w/in 5 % of width (Figs 1 & 2, & notes) 6.4. Line surfaces w/ thin, permeable mat'l 6.5. Brace units to prevent displacement
 7. Sampling Grout: 7.1. Spls for slump & compr strength minimum ½ ft³ (0.014 m³) 7.2. Use appropriate precautions that allow representative sampling; after final slump adjustment, spl as grout being placed 7.2.1. Field sampling - get 2⁺ portions from middle portion of batch 7.2.2. Lab sampling – use entire batch of grout 7.3. Transport spl to mold location, protect from sun, wind, rapid evaporation
 8. Temperature & Slump Test: 8.1. Measure & record temp in accordance w/ C 1064 8.2. Start slump w/in 5 min 8.3. Measure & record slump in accordance w/ C 143
 9. Compressive Test Specimen: 9.1. If spl from slump, remix, start filling mold w/in 15 min 9.2. Fill in 2 layers, rod ea. layer 15 times, ½ in. penetration, overfill mold 9.3. Strike off w/ straightedge 9.4. W/in 30 min. add grout to fill void caused by initial H₂O loss, strike off w/ straightedge, cover 9.5. Protect from freezing & variations in temp, store max-min therm, record temps prior to final cure
 10. Transportation, Curing, & Testing of the Specimens: 10.1. Remove molds 24 – 48 hr after making specs 10.2. W/in 30 min of mold removal, place in protective container & keep damp 10.3. Transport to lab w/in 8 hr after mold removal 10.4. W/in 8 hr after mold removal, store in moist room, moist cabinet, or water storage tank conforming to C 511 until day of testing 10.6. Cap in accordance w/ C 617 10.7. Measure & record width of ea. face @ mid-ht., ht @ mid-ht., & amt out of plumb @ mid-width 10.8. Toest in damp condition in accordance w/ C 39
 10.8. Test in damp condition in accordance w/ C 39 11. Calculations: 11.4. Determine avg. cross-sectional area 11.5. Calculate compr strength to nearest 10 psi
12. Report
Data Sheet